

## Three decades of Internet Exchanges.

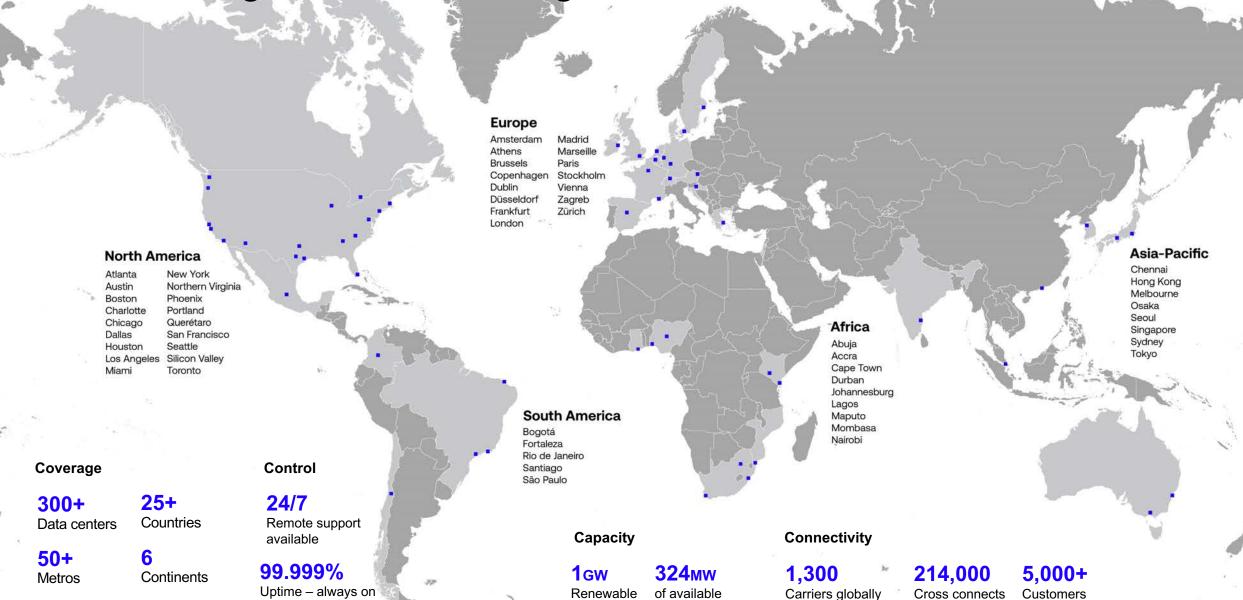
What comes next?

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#### Delivering The World's Largest Data Center Platform

and available



capacity

capacity

Note: As of August 2023

#### Meet our team at EPF 2023



Sonja Ilijeska

Sales Director, Croatia



Osman Kolia

Senior Director, Strategy and Business Development



James Lockwood

Account Director, EMEA Core Network, Major Accounts



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Mark Brand

National Interconnection Manager, Teraco



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Platform Specialist, Teraco







## Three decades of IXP evolution, at a glance





## Early days of IXPs in Europe ~1994 – 2003

**LINX**: 1994

as a non profit association

**DE-CIX:** 1995

by Eco - Association of Internet Industry

**Netnod: 1996** 

by TU-stiftelsen (internetrelated foundation)

**VIX: 1996** 

by the Vienna Univ. Computer Center

NIX.CZ: 1996

as a member's association

AMS-IX: [1994→]1997 as a member's association

euro-ix: 2001

#### **Birth**

- Birth around mid/end-90's
- Purpose: Offload (expensive/slow) transit traffic
- Usually initiated by academic networks and local ISPs
- Usually run by academia or a member's association
- Often just a switch or a router running as "best-effort"
- Mostly local ISPs (in some cases, ISP-club only)

#### **Internet landscape**

- Mostly for academia and fun
- Light business applications (web, email, ...)
- E-commerce and eshops appear



### Growing up ~2004-2011

- By 2005, most countries had one IXP
- Change in customer mix: Large global CDNs, international providers, datacenter operators & hosters, clouds etc.
- Traffic levels rise, IXPs become critical for internet stability.
- Best effort not acceptable anymore. Introduction of SLAs, 24x7,
- Multiple POPs to cover the entire metro
- Remote peering, esp at large IXPs
- Commercialization, reselling

#### **Internet landscape**

- Starts becoming mission-critical for business.
- End users: peer2peer; streaming; social media
- Intolerance to downtime, packet loss or latency
- Traffic/content starts to localize. Local hosting & datacenters.
- CDNs; local caches; early edge computing
- Start of virtualization; then cloud



## Further evolution, ~2012-today:

- Tremendous surges in traffic
- Networks heavily depend on IXPs.
  - □ technical/commercial/legal evolution
  - □ further commercialization
- Need for diversity
- IXPs expanding towards the edge
- Stronger competition between IXPs

#### **Internet landscape**

- Cloud Computing
- •FTTH & 5G
- Digital transformation
- ■Covid19
- More data. More content. More apps.
- Latency becomes increasingly important.
  Data and apps move closer to the edge
- Strong dependence on the internet



#### Evolution in other regions

#### **North America**

- Birth place of internet, earlier start
- USA is a huge, single market.
- Nation-wide ISPs connect in multiple IXPs
- DC-operated IXPs
- Competition within the same metro
- No IXP association
- European IXPs expanding in US

#### **LATAM**

- Growing markets
- ix.br, the largest IXP in the world
- Some peering taking place through USA

#### **APAC & Middle East**

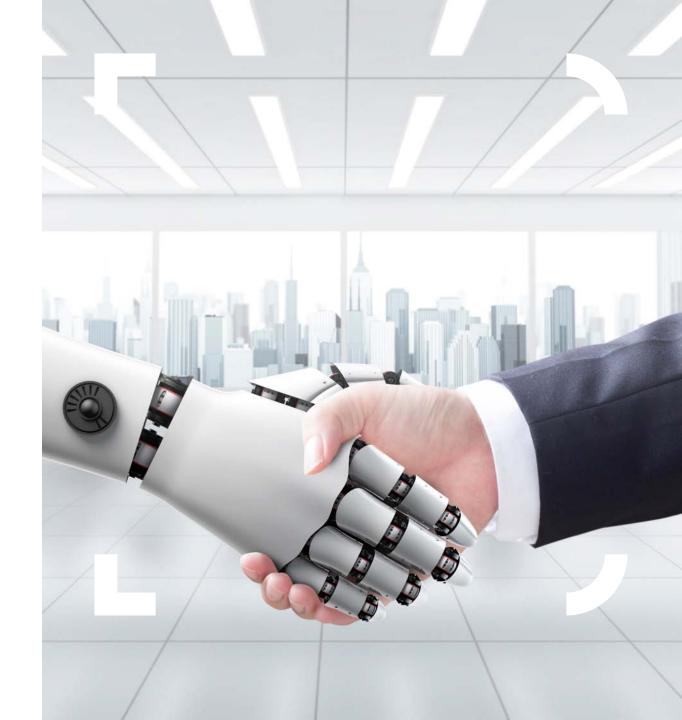
- Following the European model, a few years behind
- Very diverse environment.
- Per country restrictions may apply (censorship, content filtering/restrictions, social media regulations/bans, telecom monopolies,...)
- Situation is improving
- Huge demand drives IXP growth, despite difficulties
- European IXPs expanding in the region

#### **Africa**

- The fastest growing continent in terms of GDP and population
- Huge Internet, telecoms & IXP growth
- European IXPs expanding in the region



# What comes next





#### #1 The moving edge

- Data stored, processed and exchanged closer to the edge
  - Cloud computing
  - □ Edge computing (IoT, VR, ...)

  - Data sovereignty

- IXPs expansions
  - □ in secondary cities
  - □ In developing countries & emerging markets
  - □ Even in highly regulated or monopolized markets

#### #2 Need for diversity

- IXPs are critical infrastructure
  - □ Officially identified as such by NIS/NIS2!
- One per country / market is not enough
- Competition even in markets with well established players



#### #3 Colonization



in country: 4 Overseas: 3 Powered-by: 2

- 2012 ConneXions reseller programme launched and first UK local exchange, IXManchester, opens. LINX tops 1000 connected member ports with first member connected at 100G(BT). LINX also becomes first IXP in the world to utilise Juniper PTX switching gear and Juniper MX routers.
- 2013 LINX launches its second UK local exchange, IXScotland.
- 2014 LINX launches its first overseas regional exchange, LINX NoVA. Shortly after, it is the first IXP in the world to be awarded Open-IX certification. LINX establishes its third UK exchange, IXCardiff, and an 11th London PoP at Digital Realty Chessington. LINX



in country: 7 Overseas: 26 Powered-by: 8

#### Experience and know how taken abroad

In 2012, DE-CIX took abroad its specific know-how and experience in establishing and operating Internet Exchanges and now operates interconnection platforms in the following metro markets: In New York, Dallas, Chicago, Richmond, Phoenix, Madrid, Barcelona, Lisbon, Marseille, Istanbul, Palermo, Oslo, Kristiansand, Esbjerk, Copenhagen, Helsinki, Prag, Warsaw, Bucharest, Kuala Lumpur, Johor Bahru, Singapore, Manila, Mumbai, Delhi, Kolkata, and Chennai. In addition, we cooperate with MSK-IX in Moscow and St. Petersburg, and have DE-CIX as a Service partner exchanges UAE-IX in Dubai, SEECIX in Athens, and Borneo-IX in Brunei as well as in three key markets in Africa: the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), Libya, and Nigeria.



amsix	in country: 1 Overseas: 13 Powered-by: 2
2012	Opening of AMS-IX Hong Kong, in collaboration with HGC
2013	CAR-IX becomes AMS-IX Caribbean
2014	Opening of AMS-IX Bay Area and AMS-IX Chicago
2016	Peak internet traffic at AMS-IX Amsterdam: 5 Tb/s
2017	Opening of AMS-IX India, in collaboration with Sify

#### #4 Interconnected IXPs | multiregional IXPs | Federations

- Initially, three schools
  - □ Disconnected peering LANs
  - □ Connected peering LANs
  - □ Stretched peering LANs
- Some IXPs gradually revise strategy
  - □ To follow competition
  - To connect secondary cities without self-standing critical mass
  - □ Market perception of "competing to carriers" changes
  - → But still many followers of the "disconnected peering LANs" approach
- Resellers and platforms are willing to cover gaps
- Synergies between IXPs, eg
  - □ LINX partnership with NAMEX,JPIX, NYIIX, ManxIX
  - □ DECIX partnership with BIX.BG, NIX.CZ, InterLAN
  - □ Federated IXP
  - □ Cross-IX



#### #5 Beyond traditional peering

#### Cloud Connectivity & Enterprises

- Direct audience: enterprises
- Indirect audience: ISPs
- Opportunity for IXPs
- New services such as MAPS
- Turn towards enterprises

- Older ideas (limited global adoption):
  - "trusted" peering LAN
  - TV/VOIP exchange
  - GRX exchange (mobile roaming)
- New ideas:
  - Data Exchange (eg amdex.eu)
  - **-**

# Digital Realty's approach





#### Digital Realty's IXP approach

- 1 Recognize the value of IXPs
- 2 Focus on core business
- 3 Collaborate with IXPs for Internet Exchange services
- 4 Maintain neutrality
- 5 Help the Internet grow by fostering IXPs

## Thank you! Questions?





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